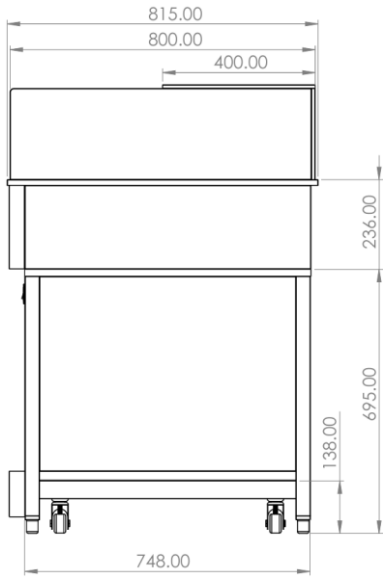
LP PLUS

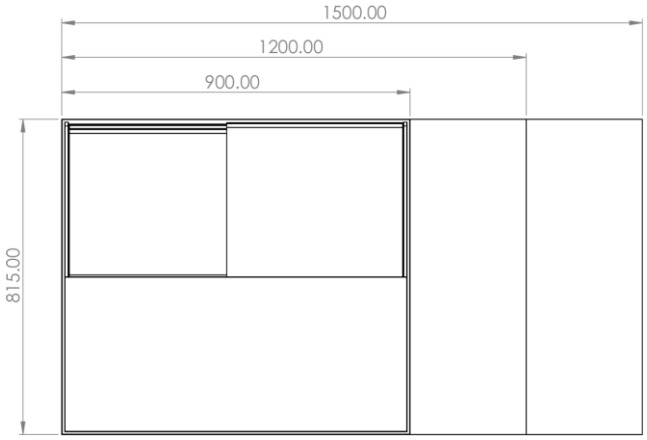
cossiga

RF

LPRF9
LPRF12
LPRF15

- Low Velocity air over refrigeration
- Dual canopy LED lights
- Adjustable deck height
- Integral condenser
- Self evaporating
- Polished glass front and sides
- Slide under and over Perspex rear doors
- Ambient storage cabinet underneath
- Lockable castors
- Side and front panels available as an optional extra





MODEL	CABINET				SHELVING	OPERATING TEMP	BASE TRAY	TOTAL FOOD	DISPLAY	FREQUENCY	REFRIGERANT	POWER		CONNECTION POWER CORD 2200MM		VOLTAGE	PACKED FOR SHIPPING			
	LENGTH (MM)	DEPTH (MM)	HEIGHT (MM)	WEIGHT KG		DEG C	W X D	100MM UNITS	M²	Hz		KW 230V	AMP	NZ/AUS 10 AMP	UK 13 AMP	V	LENGTH (MM)	DEPTH (MM)	HEIGHT (MM)	WEIGHT KG
LPRF9	900	815	1180	175	BASE	3-9	800 X 610	56	0.48	50	R290	0.87	3.8	3 PIN PLUG	3 PIN PLUG	220-240	1000	920	1350	182
LPRF12	1200	815	1180	223	BASE	3-9	1100 X 610	77	0.67	50	R290	0.96	4.2	3 PIN PLUG	3 PIN PLUG	220-240	1300	920	1350	230
LPRF15	1500	815	1180	270	BASE	3-9	1400 X 610	98	0.85	50	R290	1.04	4.5	3 PIN PLUG	3 PIN PLUG	220-240	1600	920	1350	277

Date Modified: 30/07/25 Check website for latest version

FREESTANDING

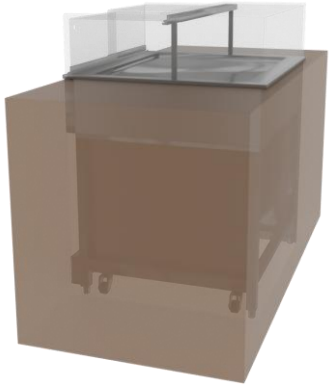
Freestanding cabinet with raw Stainless-Steel sides and open front

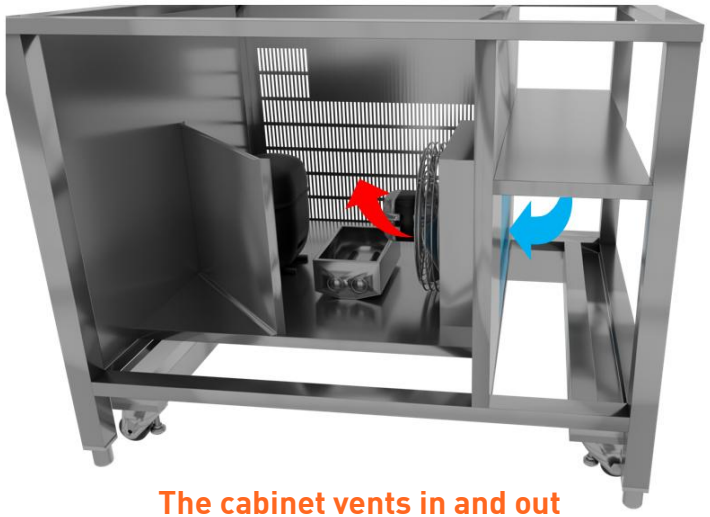
WITH PANELS

Side and front panels can be added to the unit, leaving only the rear open for venting

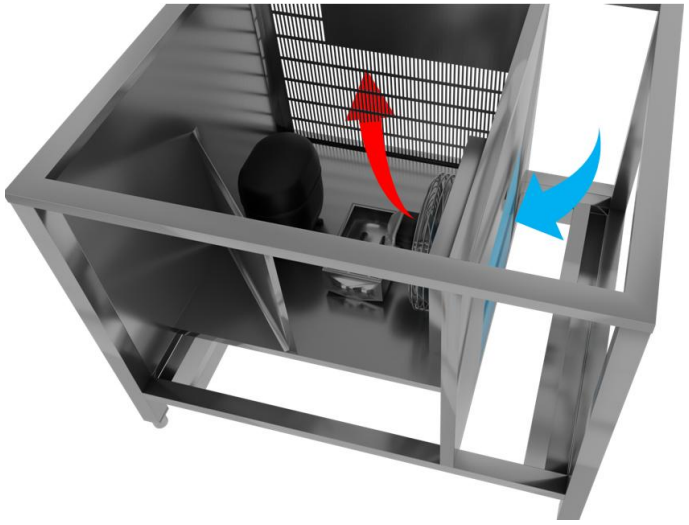
ROLLED INTO BENCH

Cabinets can be rolled into or against a bench, both intaking and extracting out the rear





The cabinet vents in and out of the rear



Correct placement ensures optimal performance

MECHANICAL AIRFLOW

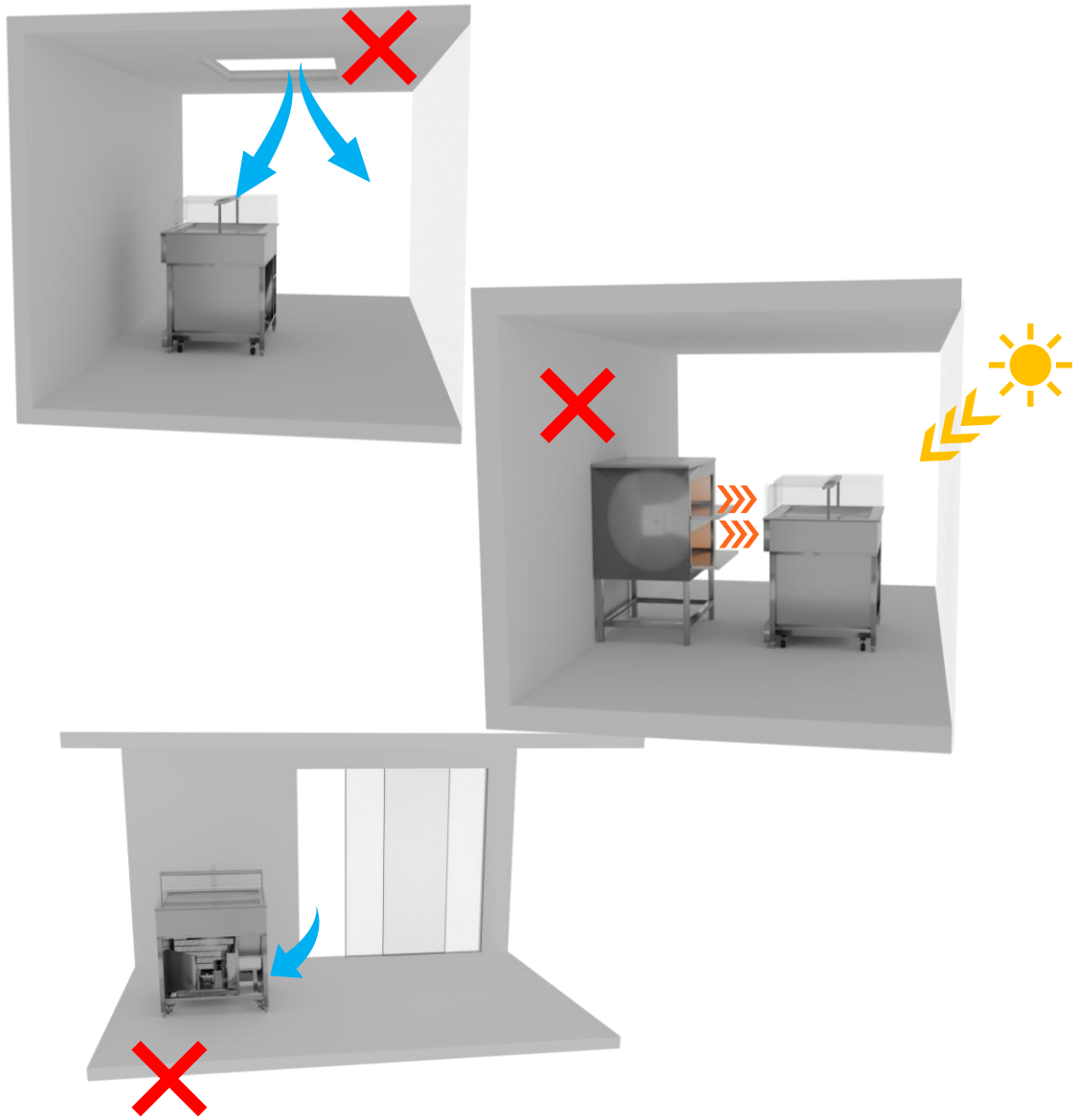
Mechanical air flows such as air conditioning vents and fans can cause condensation on the glass

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

Heat from other equipment and natural conditions, such as direct sunlight on units, can cause cooling to be dramatically affected, resulting in the compressor overloading

LOCATIONS TO AVOID

- Close to shop front exterior
- In an outside location
- In direct sunlight
- In a high wind
- Near any source producing excessive heat

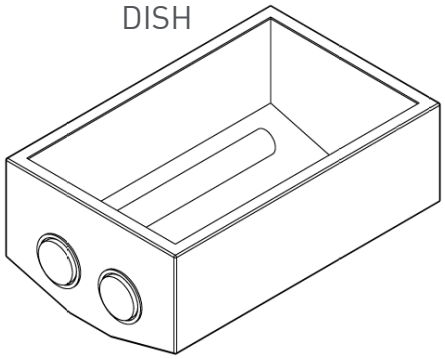


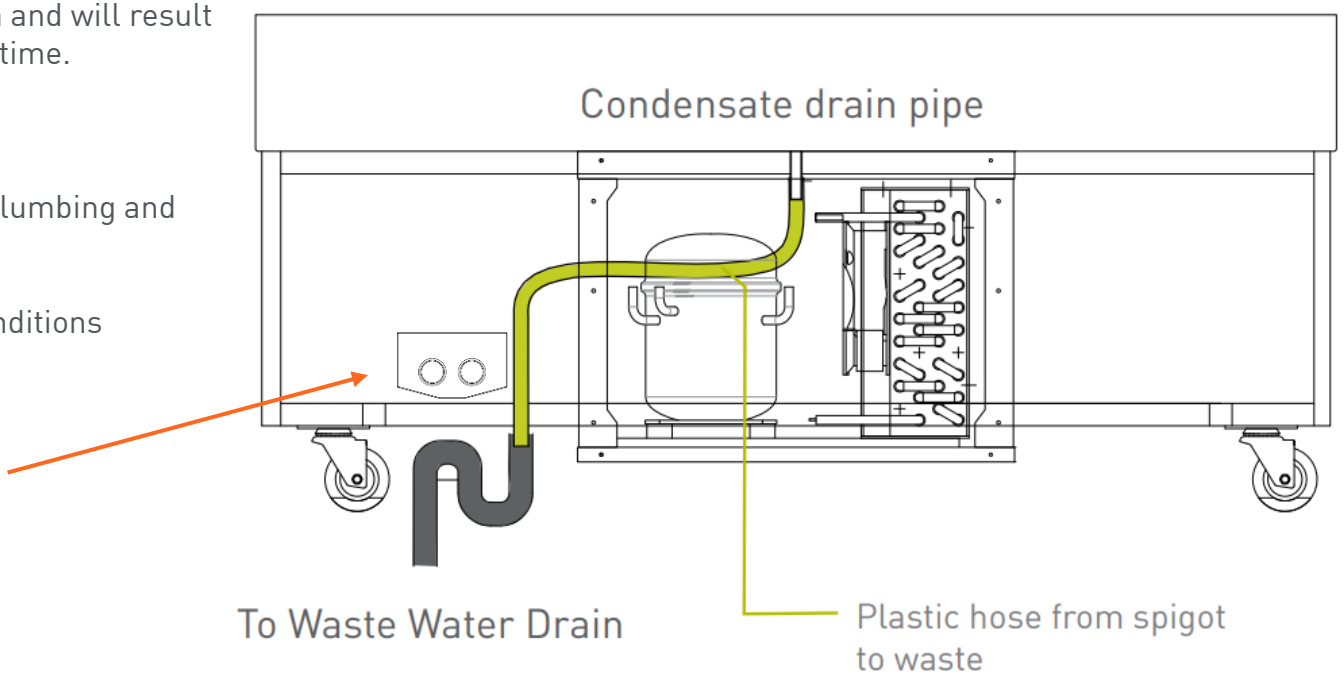
As standard, units are self evaporating to a receptacle in the condenser unit. In a new site where external drainage is accessible, it is recommended by-passing the evaporation dish. A plastic hose can be attached to the end of the condensate drain and re-directed as shown. This reduces power consumption and will result in less maintenance being required over time.

PLUMBED DRAINAGE TO WASTE

- Plumbed to waste following all local plumbing and building codes
- Building waste by client
- Preferred method in high humidity conditions

EVAPORATION DISH





CONDENSER FACE CLEANING

Locate the condenser face in the below compartments, on the left side, looking from the rear. Use a brush or vacuum with a brush head to remove any dust and debris from the blue coated fins. Only move the brush/vacuum head up and down, not side to side as this will damage the fins. This should be done at least every **2 weeks** to prevent dust from building up and affecting your refrigeration capability.